

ENGINEERING CONSULTING SERVICES, LTD.

Geotechnical ◆ Construction Materials ◆ Environmental

July 23, 2002

Mr. Michael Holt, P.E. Gresham Smith and Partners 2325 Lakeview Parkway Suite 400 Alpharetta, GA 30004-1976

Project:

Final Soil Survey Report

S.R. 21 Improvements

Project No.: STP-0001-00(667)

P.I. No.: 0001667 Chatham County, GA ECS Project No. 10:1939

Dear Mr. Holt:

Engineering Consulting Services, Ltd. (ECS, Ltd.) is pleased to submit this Final Soil Survey Report for the site referenced above. This report includes a review of the scope of work, a description of site conditions, a discussion of subsurface conditions, a new pavement design and our evaluations of geotechnical related issues in accordance with Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT) Guidelines for Soil Surveys.

PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this exploration was to determine the general type and condition of the subsurface materials at the Project Site, and to provide evaluations of soil and groundwater conditions at the site.

The scope of our services included the following items:

- 1. Conducting twenty-three (23) hand auger borings along the sides and in the median of State Route 21 and State Route 30 in the sections to be improved. A total of 140 lineal feet of drilling was conducted. Sets of three (3) borings were performed at approximately 400-foot intervals along State Route 21 to depths of 5 feet each to determine the general soil and groundwater conditions. Field notes were recorded pertaining to the surface features and subsurface conditions at each boring location. The field notes from the field exploration are attached in the Appendix of this report.
- 2. Collecting eight (8) soil samples during our field exploration program and performing laboratory tests in accordance with GDOT 810.01 test methods. Three (3) extra samples were collected and two (2) California Bearing Ratio, pH, and resistivity tests were also performed. Results of the 810.01 testing program are attached in the Appendix.

- 3. Evaluating the existing soil conditions with respect to the proposed construction and providing design data and construction recommendations in accordance with GDOT requirements.
- 4. Preparing this report to document the results of our field exploration program and engineering evaluations.

SITE AND PROJECT INFORMATION

The information presented in this section is based on site data and preliminary plans provided by Gresham Smith and Partners and our site reconnaissance. The Project Site is located along State Route 21, from State Route 30 to I-95 and is approximately 3,280 feet long. The project is located within the city limits of Port Wentworth in Chatham County, GA. A Site Vicinity Map is presented on Figure 1 in the Appendix.

We understand that the project will consist of safety improvements including the partial widening of State Route 21. Medians, islands, and various curb cuts and frontage on SR 21 will also be modified.

SITE CONDITIONS & EVALUATIONS

The following information on the surveyed site conditions and our engineering evaluations are based on an understanding of the proposed construction, the data obtained in our soil test borings, the site reconnaissance, laboratory test results, and our experience with soils and subsurface conditions similar to those encountered at this site. In general, it is our opinion that the subsurface soils on the Project Site are suitable for construction per the GDOT Standard Specification Section 810 – Roadway Materials.

Geology

The project site is generally located in Georgia's Coastal Plain and more specifically in the Pamlico Shoreline Complex. The Pamlico Shoreline Complex usually consists of sedimentary layers of sand and clay. The general area is relatively low and flat.

The soils of the Southern Coastal Plain Physiographic Province of Georgia are composed of Cretaceous to Tertaceous deposits. The soil in the coastal plain is the result of sediment deposition in a former marine environment, during a time when sea levels were much higher than they are at the present. The Cretaceous-Tertaceous deposits are composed of sand and silt near the surface and sandy clay in lower levels.

The shallow groundwater table can fluctuate several feet with seasonal rainfall. Seasonal high groundwater levels are typically found at depth of 0.5 to 2.5 feet in the flood plains with a reasonable probability of flooding in winter and spring. Seasonal high groundwater levels are typically found at depths greater than 5 feet below the ground surface in the gently rolling areas. The groundwater table can exhibit some distortions due to differences in vertical and horizontal permeability.

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Rock

No rock was observed on the surface of the site in the close vicinity of the proposed construction. Auger refusal indicating possible bedrock or boulders was not encountered in any of the auger borings.

Removal

Approximately 0 to 12 inches of topsoil material containing organically stained sandy silts and roots was found in most borings. This material should be stripped from the area of new construction to a minimum design average depth of 6 inches prior to construction. The stripped topsoil material may be used in thin layers to flatten the slopes or may be wasted outside the construction limits of the project. No other highly organic, deleterious or otherwise unsuitable material was observed or encountered in the auger borings.

Waste Soil

None of the soil encountered in the borings should require wasting.

Subgrade Materials

A 12-inch blanket of GDOT Class IIB2 or better subgrade materials are recommended for this entire project (including ramps and crossroads) in accordance with Special Provision 209 (attached). All imported fill should meet with GDOT Class IIB2 or better requirements as described in section 810-Roadway Materials (attached).

The existing materials at grade meet this requirement with the exception of the material from the approximate areas listed below:

Station to Station	<u>Location</u>
47+00 to 52+00	Existing right embankment
36+00 to 42+00	Existing median

Pavement Design Values

Two (2) California Bearing Ratio Tests were performed from soils collected on this site. The test results were as follows:

Test#	<u>Location</u>	Soaked CBR Value
1	Station 55+00, 81'RT	. 6
2	Station 52+00, 83'RT	8

SR 21 Improvements ECS Project No. 10:1939 Page 4

Based on this information and the results of the survey and testing program we recommend the following values for use in the pavement design calculations for this project:

Soil Support Value = 3.5 Regional Factor = 1.7 Subgrade Reaction = 175 pci Erosion Index = 7.6

Acceptable base materials for use on this project are graded aggregate base (GAB), limerock base, and soil-cement base from any approved GDOT source. A minimum thickness of 8 inches is recommended.

Slopes

Maximum 2H:1V slopes are acceptable for this project.

Groundwater

Groundwater was encountered at depths of 3.75 to 4.5 feet below grade in four boring locations. Unless cuts greater than 18 inches are planned, the shallow groundwater in these locations should not affect the road design (which appears to be in fill). Note that groundwater levels are subject to change due to seasonal rainfall conditions and man made improvements such as culverts and ditches, etc.

Shrinkage

We recommend an average shrinkage factor of 30 percent for use in the earthwork calculations for this project.

Stripping

Stripping of vegetation within project limits normally results in soil loss and this loss can affect earthwork quantities. An estimated average topsoil depth of 6 inches should be used for stripping calculations.

Culverts

We recommend that a 12-inch blanket of Type II Foundation Backfill material be placed under the barrel of all culverts and 46-inch diameter and larger cross-drains on this project.

Corrosion

Reference should be made to the attached "Pipe Culvert Materials Recommendations" for materials allowable for use on this project.

Bench Detail

Where new fills are to be placed on existing slopes steeper than 3H:1V, the existing slope should be benched in accordance with the detail attached to this report in the Appendix.

Existing Pavements

An existing pavement evaluation was not within our scope for this project. We understand that effort will be provided by GDOT.

New Pavement Design

A pavement design was performed for the new sections of the roadway. Gresham Smith and Partners provided ECS, Ltd. with the following design information:

AADT = 16,850 vehicles per day (vpd) the design year 2003

AADT = 30,375 vpd for the design year 2023

24 hr. Trucks = 12 percent

S.U. = 6 percent

Comb. = 6 percent

Based on this information and using GDOT "Asphalt Pavement Design Program" dated September 4, 1998, we recommend the following pavement design options for the new sections of the roadway.

Limerock Base

PAVEMENT SECTION	THICKNESS	MATERIAL
Surface Course	40 mm (1 ½ in)	12.5 mm Superpave
Intermediate Course	50 mm (2 in)	19 mm Superpave
Binder Course	130 mm (5 in)	25 mm Superpave
Base Course	300 mm (12 in)	Limerock Base

Soil Cement Base

PAVEMENT SECTION	THICKNESS	MATERIAL
Surface Course	40 mm (1 ½ in)	12.5 mm Superpave
Intermediate Course	50 mm (2 in)	19 mm Superpave
Binder Course	150 mm (6 in)	25 mm Superpave
Base Course	200 mm (8 in)	Soil Cement Base

At the time of this report, we had not been provided existing pavement information to design an overlay for the existing roadway. Typically 40 mm of 12.5 mm Superpave should be sufficient for an overlay on this type of roadway.

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Serrated Slopes

Serrated slopes should not be required on this project.

Special Problems

No special problems concerning roadway design and construction are anticipated for this project.

CLOSURE

This Final Soil Survey Report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practice and GDOT requirements for Soil Surveys. No other warranty is expressed or implied. The evaluations presented in this report are based on the available project information, as well as on the results of the exploration. Should a change in the project criteria be made such as the location of the new construction, ECS, Ltd. should be notified to evaluate the changes and make new recommendations if warranted.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide geotechnical engineering services on this project. Should you have questions regarding our findings or need additional consultations, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Sincerely,

ENGINEERING CONSULTING SERVICES, LTD.

Richard E. Hoaglin, P.E. Senior Project Engineer

GA Registration No. 24920

Appendix:

• Site Vicinity Plan

• Sample Classification

• Auger Boring Log / Field Notes

• Laboratory Data

GDOT Standard Design Criteria

Special Provision – Section 209

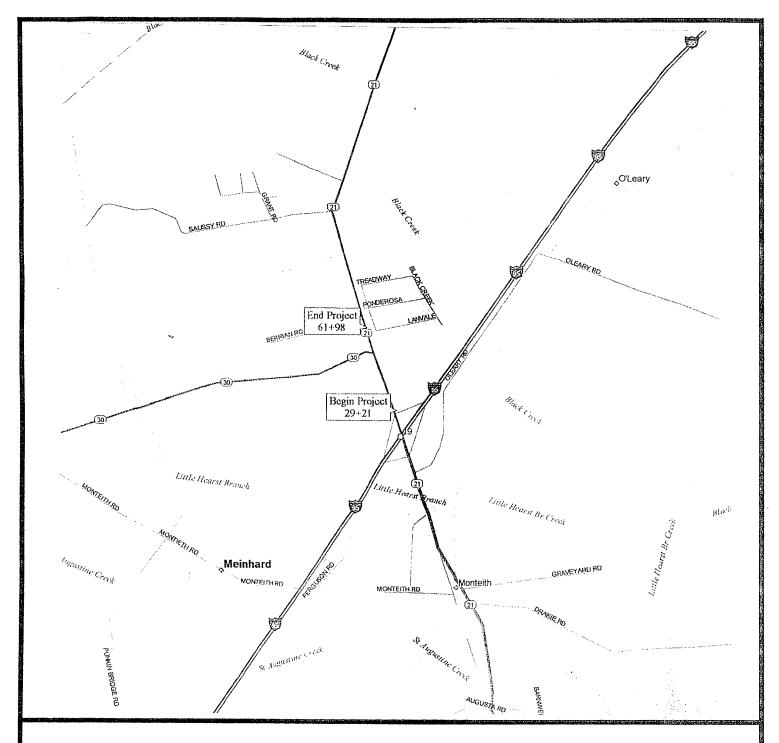
• Pavement Designs

Robert L. Goehring, P.E.

Principal Engineer

GA Registration No. 16733

APPENDIX



SITE VICINITY PLAN

Soil Survey Report SR 21 Improvements Chatham County, Georgia P.I. No.: 0001667

ECS, Ltd.

ENGINEERING CONSULTING SERVICES, LTD. Reference; Streetfinder Map, 2001

Project No.: 10:1939 Date: 1/22/2002

Figure No.: 1



Project No.:

10:1939

Date:

e: 1/21/02

Table 1 - Sample Classification

SR21 Improvements, Chatham County, GA STP-0001-00(667) P.I. No. 0001667

Test No.	Test Location	Station	Offset from baseline	Depth (ft)	Description	Class	Sub-Class
1	SR 21	59+00	35'L	2-5	Brown sandy Clay	11	B4
2	SR 21	54+75	15'R	0-3	Gray Sand w/ clay and silt	l	A1
3	SR 21	50+00	91'R	0-5	Gray sandy Clay	11	B4
4	SR 21	45+00	12'R	3-5	Dark brown clayey Sand	II	B3
5	SR 21	40+00	38'L	0-5	Dark brown sandy Clay	- 11	B4
6	SR 21	36+00	23'R	0-2	Dark gray Sand w/ silt and clay	ı	A1
7	SR 21	31+50	126'R	2-5	Reddish brown clayey Sand	11	B3
8	SR 30	49+30	38'R	1-5	Dark brown clayey Sand	ļ II	B4
!							

SR 21 Improvements, Chatham County P.I. No. 0001667 Auger Boring Log ECS Project No. 10:1939

Boring	Station	Offset	Auger Depth	Description	Groundwater Depth	Sample
B-1	SR21 59+00	35' L	5'	0-2' silty Sand (SM); 2-5' clayey Sand (SC)	_	S1
B-2	SR21 59+00	3' R	5'	0-2' silty Sand (SM), 2-3' clayey Sand (SC),	-	-
				3-5' sandy Clay (CL)		
B-3	SR21 59+00	63' R	5'	0-0.5' silty Sand (SM), 0.5-1' clayey Sand (SC),	•	-
				1-5' sandy Clay (CL)		
B-4	SR21 54+75	38' L	5'	0-1' silty Sand (SM), 1-3' sandy Clay (CL),	4.5'	-
	0504.54.75	4515		3-5' wet silty Clay (CL)	4.051	
B-5	SR21 54+75	15' R	5'	0-3' silty Sand (SM), 3-5' wet clayey Sand (SC)	4.25'	S2
B-6	SR21 54+75	80' R	5'	0-0.5' silty Sand (SM), 0.5-3.5' silty Clay (CL),	•	_
	0112101110	00 10		3.5-4.5' sandy Clay (CL), 4.5-5' silty Clay (CL)		
B-7	SR21 50+00	47' L	5'	0-2' silty Clay (CL), 2-5' wet sandy Clay (CL)	3.75'	-
	3112	'' -		o 2 diff clay (02), 2 d flot danay clay (02)	0., 0	
B-8	SR21 50+00	8' R	5'	0-2' clayey Silt (ML), 2-4' sandy Clay (CL),	-	_
				4-5' silty Clay (CH)		
B-9	SR21 50+00	91' R	5'	0-2' sandy Clay (CL), 2-5' silty Clay (CL)	-	S3
B-10	SR21 45+00	43' L	5'	0-0.5' sandy Silt (ML), 0.5-2' clayey Sand (SC),	bear .	-
				2-4' sandy Clay (CL), 4-5' clayey Sand (SC)		
B-11	SR21 45+00	12' R	5'	0-3' silty Sand (SM), 3-5' sandy Clay (CL)	*	S4
B-12	SR21 45+00	102' R	5'	0-2.5' clayey Sand (SC), 2.5-5' silty Clay (CL)	•	-
B-13	SR21 40+00	38' L	5'	0-0.5' silty Sand (SM), 0.5-2' sandy Clay (CL),	4.0'	S5
				2-3.5' silty Clay (CL), 3.5-5' wet sandy Clay (CL)		
B-14	SR21 40+00	14' R	5'	0-4.25' clayey Sand (SC), 4.25-5' sandy Clay (CL)	-	-
B-15	SR21 40+00	103' R	5'	0-4.5' sandy Clay (CL), 4.5-5' silty Clay (CH)		
B-13	3R21 40+00	103 K	5	U-4.5 sandy Clay (CL), 4.5-5 slity Clay (CH)	.	-
B-16	SR21 36+00	43' L	5'	0-0.5' sandy Silt (ML), 0.5-3' sandy Clay (CL),		
D 10	01121 00:00	40 L		3-5' silty Clay (CL)		
B-17	SR21 36+00	23' R	5'	0-2' clayey Sand (SC), 2-5' sandy Clay (CL)	_	S6
	0,12,00.00	20 11		o z diayoy dana (co), z o danay diay (cz)		
B-18	SR21 36+00	100' R	AR* at 1'	0-1' silty Sand with asphalt fragments (SM)	<u>-</u>	
				(***)		
B-19	SR21 31+50	44' L	AR* at 1'	0-1' silty Sand with asphalt fragments (SM)	-	-
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
B-20	SR21 31+50	20' R	5'	0-2' clayey Sand (SC), 2-4.5' sandy Clay (CL),	- .	-
				4.5-5' silty Clay (CL)		
B-21	SR21 31+50	126' R	5'	0-0.5' silty Sand (SM), 0.5-2' sandy Clay (CL),	-	S7
				2-5' clayey Sand (SC)		
B-22	SR30 49+50	27' L	5'	0-2' sandy Clay (CL), 2-5' silty Clay (CH)	-	-
	:					
B-23	SR30 49+30	38' R	5'	0-0.25' sandy Silt (ML), 0.25-1' clayey Sand (SC),	-	S8
				1-5' silty Clay (CL)		
CBR-1	SR21 54+25	81' R	-	clayey Sand (SC)	-	CBR-1
CBR-2	SR21 52+00	83' R	-	sandy Clay (CL)	-	CBR-2

^{*} AR is auger refusal

PINE DOBSINGS). ECS #1434 Cond-ourcest, Foggy, 70	B Offer Descri	5920 49+50 22 5 L 0-2 414564 5007 CL		(St.) (Sk1) (Sk1) (Sk1) (Jr.7 cluy 500, (St.)	52+00 CBR2 20' 5000 gentlett Sond 5. 1500 los gray Sondy Clay (CL.)		
605 # 1939 Constant ourset/ Faggy 70"	St-t.on 18 offset Desvirting	40-700 . (5 6 6 10 0-4.5 600/902/000 Surlyde	36+00 16 10 40 cm 0-15 gry 5M, 5-3 gry/oknze	36 + 00 17 6 bdin 0-2 bounfors Se	36+60 17 5' touch 35+60 Art 5', 10', 20', 35+50 Art 6', 10', 10', 10', 10', 10', 10', 10', 10	31+50 19 5,10, 18 5ALS .25-75 52+65 5,10,18 5/10,18 5/10,18 5/10,18 5/10,18 1/10 1/10,18 1/10 1/10 1/10 1/10 1/10 1/10 1/10 1/	32+50 21 20 show 00.3 gray SM; 5-2 gray/orange china sandy CL; 2-5 gray/orange good china



ECS, Ltd. Marietta, Georgia

Physical Properties

Material Passing No. 10 Sieve

Project Name: SR 21 Improvements, Chatham County, GA

Project No: STP-0001-00(667)

P.I.No.: 0001667

ECS Project No.: 1939

Date: 1/21/02

Test No.	Sample Location	No. 60 Sieve % Passing	No. 200 Sieve % Passing	Clay %	Volume Change	Maximum Dry Density	Class	Sub-Class
1	59+00	94.8	67.1	53.0	24.3	104.0	CLASS II	B4
2	54+75	48.1	13.8	7.1	2.5	· 118.8	CLASS I	A1
3	50+00	95.1	65.4	48.9	21.5	105.0	CLASS II	B4
4	45+00	75.5	36.8	26.4	18.7	105.0	CLASS II	B3
5	40+00	87.6	57.5	45.2	18.4	103.2	CLASS II	B4
6	36+00	64.6	20.0	9.6	4.2	120.6	CLASS I	A1
7	31+50	70.8	33.1	26.8	5.0	108.1	CLASS II	B3
8	49+30	70.9	47.5	32.6	21.1	104.6	CLASS II	B4

Other Tests

Test No.	Station	CBR	рН	Resistivity
9	54+25	6	6.5	5,700 o/cm
10	52+00	8	5.1	3,450 o/cm

TABLE 810-1 PHYSICAL PROPERTIES (Material Passing No. 10 Sieve)

CLASS	SUB-CLASS	NO. 60 SIEVE % PASSING	No. 200 SIEVE % PASSING	CLAY %	VOLUME CHANGE %	MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY LB/FT
	A1	15-65	0-25	0-12	0-10	115+
1	A2	15-85	0-35	0-16	0-12	100+
	A3	15-100	0-25	0-12	0-18	98+
	B1		0-30	0-20	0-10	120+
	B2		0-45	0-30	0-15	110+
ll .	B3		0÷60	0-50	0-20	105+
	B4		0-75 ·		0-25	90+
	C1		0-75		0-30	90+
	C2			·	0-35	80+
m ·	C3				0-60	80+
	C4*					80-

*Chert clay soils in District 6 having less than 55% passing the number 10 sieve may be wasidered suitable for subgrade material.

B. TESTS: Methods of tests shall be in accordance with the following:

Soil Gradation Volume Change GDT: 4 GDT: 6

Maximum Density

GDT: 7 or GDT 67

SECTION 811 ROCK EMBANKMENT

811.01 ROCK EMBANKMENT MATERIAL: The material shall be of unweathered quarry run stone sizes, but fragments larger than 4 feet in any dimension shall be broken up. All other quarry stone sizes, including rock fines, shall be included in the embankment, except that the rock fines will be limited to a maximum of 25 percent passing a 2" sieve and to 10 percent passing a No. 4 sieve. The rock shall contain not more than 5 percent shaly or flaky particles. The rock shall meet the abrasion requirements for a Class A or B coarse aggregate, shall not have more than a 15% loss in the magnesium sulfate soundness test, and shall be approved by a petrographic rock analysis.

TESTS: Methods of tests shall be in accordance with the following:

Abrasion

Soundness (Magnesium Sulfate)

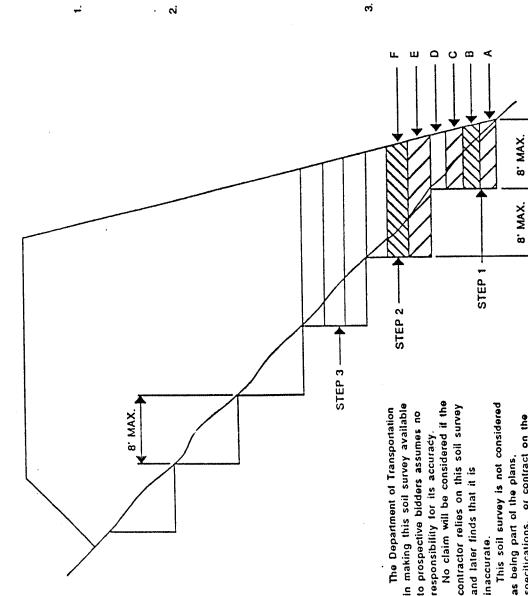
Petrographic Analysis

AASHTO: T 96

AASHTO: T 104 ASTM: C 295

ADIM. C

BENCHING DETAIL



WHERE THE EMBANKMENT IS TO BE PLACED ON A HILLSIDE OR ANOTHER EXISTING EMBANKMENT HAVING A SLOPE OF 3 TO 1 OR STEEPER, THE FOUNDATION MUST BE BENCHED WHILE THE EMBANKMENT IS BEING MADE.

(SEE DIAGRAM AT LEFT.)

ANTICIPATED THAT THE VERTICAL PART OF THE STEP THEN THE ACTUAL CUT STOPS WHEN THE VERTICAL PLACED THE FIRST STEP (1) IS CUT INTO THE SLOPE WILL EXCEED 4' IF AN 8' HORIZONTAL CUT IS MADE, BLADE). SUCCESSIVE LAYERS B, C, AND D ARE THEN PLACED. BEFORE LAYER "E" IS PLACED, THE THE DIAGRAM SHOWS THAT BEFORE LAYER "A" IS SUCCESSIVE LAYERS ARE AGAIN PLACED. IF IT IS PART REACHES A MAXIMUM OF 4' ALLOWING THE A MAXIMUM DISTANCE OF ABOUT 8' (ABOUT 3/4 SECOND STEP IS CUT 8' INTO THE SLOPE AND THE WIDTH OF THE USUAL D-8 BULLDOZER HORIZONTAL DISTANCE TO VARY.

THE EMBANKMENT AND NO ADDITIONAL MEASUREMENT **EXCAVATION AND BORROW IN CONSTRUCTION OF** OF QUANTITY OR PAYMENT WILL BE MADE FOR THE PROCESS OF BENCHING IS CONSIDERED INCIDENTAL TO THE ITEM OF UNCLASSIFIED BENCHING.

This soil survey is made available

op.

specifications of the Department.

as provided for in the

specifications, or contract on the

NO SCALE

County: Chatham

Pipe Culvert Material Alternates

For Coastal Plain Region

				C O N	CORRUGAT AASHT		CORRU- GATED ALUMINUM AASHTO M-196		PLASTIC	
TYPE OF PIPE INSTALLATION		C R E T E	ALUMINUM COATED (TYPE 2) CORR. STEEL	PLAIN ZINC COATED	PLAIN UNCOATED ALUMINUM	CORR. POLY- ETHYLENE AASHTO M-252	CORR. POLY- ETHYLENE SMOOTHED LINED AASHTO M-294 TYPE "S"	POLY VINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PROFILE WALL AASHTO M-304		
	LONGITUDINAL INTERSTATE AND TRAVEL BEARING			X						
s	ΙN΄	TERSTAT	INAL NON- E AND NON- BEARING	X	X		X		X	X
T O R	С		ADT < 250		X		X		X	X
M D	R O S	GRADE ≤10%	250 < ADT < 1500	X			X			
R A I N	S D		ADT > 1500	X						
,	R A I N	GRADE	ADT < 250		X		X		X	X
		> 10%	ADT > 250				X			
	SIDE DRAIN X		X	X		X		X	X	
PE	PERMANENT SLOPE DRAIN			X	X	X		X	X	
PERFORATED UNDERDRAIN			NDERDRAIN		X	X	X	X	X	

NOTE:

Structural requirements of storm drain pipe will be in accordance with Georgia Standard 1030-D or 1030-P, whichever is applicable, and the Standard Specifications.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STATE OF GEORGIA

SPECIAL PROVISION PROJECT NO. STP-0001-00 (667), Chatham County P.I. No. 0001667

SECTION 209-SUBGRADE CONSTRUCTION

Delete sub-section 209.02A and substitute the following:

209.02A SUBGRADE MATERIALS: The top 12 inches of subgrade on this project, including crossroads and ramps, shall be Class IIB2 or better materials. If the existing soils at grade do not meet this requirement, they shall be undercut and replaced to provide 12 inches of Class IIB2 or better material at subgrade. This material shall be provided by the Contractor. No separate payment will be made for providing this material.

Office of Materials and Research

FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DESIGN ANALYSIS

Project: BRST-036-2(16) County: Chatham

P.I. no.: 0001667

Description: S.R. 21 Improvements

Traffic Data (NOTE: AADTs are one-way)

24-hour Truck Percentage: 12.00%

AADT initial year of design period: 16,850 vpd (2003) AADT final year of design period: 30,375 vpd (2023)

Mean AADT (one-way): 23,612 vpd

Design Loading

Mean AADT LDF Trucks 18-K ESAL Total Daily Loads 23,612 * 0.70 * 0.120 * 1.06 = 2,103

Total predicted design period loading = 2103 * 20 * 365 = 15,351,900

Design Data

Terminal Serviceability Index: 2.50

Soil Support: 3.50 Regional Factor: 1.70

PROPOSED FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE

	Thickness		Structural	Structural
Material	mm	(in.)	Coefficient	Value
12.5 mm Superpave	40	(1.57)	0.0173	0.69
19 mm Superpave	50	(1.97)	0.0173	0.86
25 mm Superpave	24 106	(0.94) (4.17)	0.0173 0.0118	0.42 1.25
Graded Aggregate Base	300	(11.81)	0.0063	1.89

Required SN = 5.94

Proposed SN = 5.11

>>> Proposed pavement is 14.0% Underdesign <<<

Remarks: New Pavement Design

Prepared by	ECS, Ltd.	January 22, 2002
_		Date
Recommended	•	
	State Materials & Research Engineer	Date
Approved		
	State Consultant Design Engineer	Date

FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DESIGN ANALYSIS

Project: BRST-036-2(16) County: Chatham

P.I. no.: 0001667

Description: S.R. 21 Improvements

Traffic Data (NOTE: AADTs are one-way)

-24-hour Truck Percentage: 12.00%

AADT initial year of design period: 16,850 vpd (2003) AADT final year of design period: 30,375 vpd (2023)

Mean AADT (one-way): 23,612 vpd

Design Loading

 Mean AADT
 LDF
 Trucks
 18-K ESAL
 Total Daily Loads

 23,612
 *
 0.70
 *
 1.06
 =
 2,103

Total predicted design period loading = 2103 * 20 * 365 = 15,351,900

Design Data

Terminal Serviceability Index: 2.50

Soil Support: 3.50
Regional Factor: 1.70

PROPOSED FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE

	Thickness		Structural	Structural	
Material	mm	(in.)	Coefficient	Value	
12.5 mm Superpave	40	(1.57)	0.0173	0.69	
19 mm Superpave	50	(1.97)	0.0173	0.86	
25 mm Superpave	24 126	(0.94) (4.96)	0.0173 0.0118	0.42 1.49	
Soil-Cement Base	200	(7.87)	0.0079	1.58	

Required SN = 5.94

Proposed SN = 5.04

>>> Proposed pavement is 15.2% Underdesign <<<

Remarks: New Pavement Design

Prepared by $_$	ECS, Ltd.	January 22, 2002
_		Date
Recommended _		
	State Materials & Research Engineer	Date
Approved		
	State Consultant Design Engineer	Date