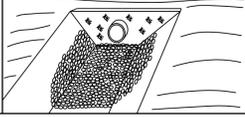
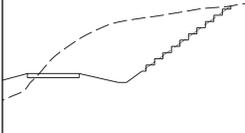
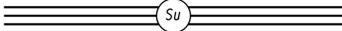
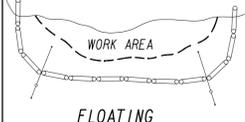
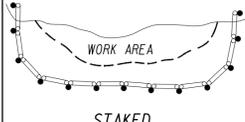


CODE	PRACTICE STD OR DETAIL SPEC. SECT.	DETAIL	DESCRIPTION
St	STORM DRAIN OUTLET PROTECTION GA. STD. 1125 & 2332		A PIPE OR BOX CULVERT OUTLET HEADWALL WITH AN APRON AND DISSIPATOR BLOCKS IS USED TO REDUCE VELOCITY AT THE OUTLET OF A PIPE PRIOR TO ENTERING AN EXISTING STREAM OR PUBLICLY MAINTAINED DRAINAGE SYSTEM. IT IS USED ON THE OUTLET OF ALL BOX CULVERTS AND ON 48" AND LARGER PIPES. MAY BE USED ON INLET FOR FLOWING STREAMS. USE ON SMALL PIPES WHEN OUTLET VELOCITY OF THE 25-YEAR STORM IS 12 fps AND GREATER.
	SYMBOL 		
St-Rp	STORM DRAIN OUTLET PROTECTION (RIP-RAP) CONSTRUCTION DETAIL D-55 SECTION 603		RIP-RAP OUTLET PROTECTION IS USED TO REDUCE VELOCITY AT THE OUTLET OF A PIPE, CHANNEL, OR STRUCTURE PRIOR TO ENTERING AN EXISTING STREAM OR PUBLICLY MAINTAINED DRAINAGE SYSTEM. THE MINIMUM DESIGN OF RIP-RAP OUTLET PROTECTION SHALL BE THE 25-YEAR STORM PEAK FLOW, BUT LARGER STORMS ARE RECOMMENDED. TYPE-1 RIP-RAP AT A DEPTH OF 36" AND PLACED ON FILTER FABRIC IS PREFERRED FOR ALL d50 < +/- 1.2 FEET. TYPE-3 RIP-RAP AT A DEPTH OF 18" AND PLACED ON FILTER FABRIC MAY BE USED FOR d50 < +/- 0.7 FEET.
	PATTERN 		REFER TO THE LATEST EDITION OF THE "MANUAL FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL IN GEORGIA" FOR REQUIRED DESIGN DIMENSIONS AND OTHER INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED IN THE PLANS.
Su	SURFACE ROUGHENING SERRATED SLOPES CONSTRUCTION DETAIL S-7 SECTION 205		PROVIDING A ROUGH SOIL SURFACE WITH HORIZONTAL DEPRESSIONS, BY OPERATING A CLEATED DOZER ON THE SLOPE IN A VERTICAL DIRECTION. CREATING SERRATED SLOPES IN THE GRADING PROCESS TO CONSTRUCT BENCHES WILL REDUCE RUNOFF VELOCITY AND INCREASE INFILTRATION OF WATER. IN MOST CASES THIS BMP IS NOT REQUIRED TO BE SHOWN ON THE PLANS, BUT REQUIRED TO BE COMPLETED BY THE CONTRACTOR UNDER ALL PROJECTS.
	LINE CODE 		IF SERRATED SLOPES ARE SPECIFIED BY THE SOIL SURVEY, THEN THIS BMP SHALL BE SHOWN ON THE PLANS WHERE SERRATED SLOPES ARE TO BE USED.
Tc-F	TURBIDITY CURTAIN FLOATING CONSTRUCTION DETAIL D-51 SECTION 170		A FLOATING TURBIDITY CURTAIN IS USED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM MOVING IN WATER BY ALLOWING IT TO DROP OUT OF SUSPENSION AND REMAIN WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION AREA. IT IS TYPICALLY USED WHERE CONSTRUCTION IS REQUIRED IN A LARGE BODY OF WATER SUCH AS LAKES AND RIVERS. IT SHOULD BE USED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. THIS BMP IS ONLY TO BE USED WHEN PERMITTED FILL IS BEING PLACED INTO A STATE WATER, OR AS A SUPPLEMENT TO ADEQUATELY PLACED PERIMETER BMPs.
	LINE CODE 		IT MAY ALSO BE REFERRED TO AS A FLOATING BOOM, SILT BARRIER, OR SILT CURTAIN.
Tc-S	TURBIDITY CURTAIN STAKED CONSTRUCTION DETAIL D-51 SECTION 170		A STAKED TURBIDITY CURTAIN IS USED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM MOVING IN WATER BY ALLOWING IT TO DROP OUT OF SUSPENSION AND REMAIN WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION AREA. IT IS TYPICALLY USED IN SHALLOW INUNDATED AREAS. IT MAY BE USED TO PROTECT A SMALL STREAM BEING REALIGNED OR RESTORED. IN THIS CASE, CURTAIN SHOULD EXTEND TO BOTTOM OF STREAMBED. THE HEIGHT SHOULD BE LIMITED TO 5 FEET UNLESS DIRECTED AND EXTEND 2 FEET ABOVE NORMAL WATER ELEVATION. IT SHOULD BE USED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. THIS BMP IS ONLY TO BE USED WHEN PERMITTED FILL IS BEING PLACED INTO A STATE WATER, OR AS A SUPPLEMENT TO ADEQUATELY PLACED PERIMETER BMPs.
	LINE CODE 		IT MAY BE REFERRED TO AS A SILT BARRIER OR SILT CURTAIN.

CODE	PRACTICE STD OR DETAIL SPEC. SECT.	DETAIL	DESCRIPTION

NOTE:

- DO NOT USE EROSION CONTROL ITEMS IN A FLOWING STREAM OR IN A TIDAL AREA BELOW HIGH TIDE.
- FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE DESIGN AND APPLICATION OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs), REFER TO THE LATEST EDITION OF THE GEORGIA SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION COMMISSION'S, "MANUAL FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL IN GEORGIA".



NO SCALE

REVISION DATES		EROSION CONTROL LEGEND	
		UNIFORM CODE SHEET	
		SHEET 7 OF 7	
CHECKED:	D. EAGLETON	DATE:	01/01/16
BACKCHECKED:		DATE:	
CORRECTED:		DATE:	
VERIFIED:		DATE:	
		DRAWING No. 52-007	