

ESPCP GENERAL NOTES

- 19 The escape of sediment from the site shall be prevented by the installation of erosion and sedimentation control measures and practices prior to land-disturbing activities
- 20 Erosion and sedimentation control measures will be maintained at all times during this project. If full implementation of this approved plan does not provide effective erosion and sedimentation control, additional erosion and sedimentation control measures shall be implemented to control or treat the sediment source.
- 21 TEMPORARY MULCHING
 EPD General Permit GAR100002 states, "Any disturbed area left exposed for a period greater than 14 days shall be stabilized with mulch or temporary seeding". However, the Department typically requires disturbed areas to be stabilized every 7 days. The construction documents, special provisions, or specifications may require mulching more often than every 7 days.
- 51 VEGETATION AND PLANTING SCHEDULE
 All temporary and permanent vegetative practices including plant species, planting dates, seeding, fertilizing, liming and mulching for this project can be found in section 7 of the current edition of the Department's Standard Specifications (or Special Provisions) and other applicable contract documents, or landscaping plans.
- 8 28 SEQUENCE OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES
 The Contractor is responsible for developing the construction schedule for the project. The construction schedule for the project shall be submitted after the project is awarded with the NOI. A copy of the construction schedule shall be maintained at the project site.
 The project budget includes sufficient funds for the payment of construction exits. The Contractor is responsible for establishing construction exits per the specifications of the exit detail included in the ESPCP. To facilitate project logistics, the Contractor is also responsible for selecting the location(s) of the construction exit(s).
 The project budget includes sufficient funds for temporary down drains. The contractor is responsible for installing the down drains on tall slopes.
 This project will be constructed one stage and is broken down into three different areas. Sound walls will be constructed on the outside of the interstate in all three areas
 Area 1 is located from the beginning of the project to just south of the I85/I985 split. The construction in this area will consist of widening to the outside and will include some work on the ramps at the interchanges.
 Area 2 is located from just south of the I85/I985 to just north of the SR20 interchange. The construction in this area will include new bridges over I985 and widening to the middle of the interstate with an open median left at the conclusion of construction. There will be minor construction to the outside of the interstate consisting of overhead sign foundation and sound wall installations.
 Area 3 is located just north of the SR20 interchange to then end of the project at the Hamilton Mill Road interchange. The construction in this area will consist of widening to the middle of the interstate with a median barrier wall and closed drainage system. No open median will remain in this area. There will be minor construction to the outside of the interstate consisting of overhead sign foundation and sound wall installations.
 In the initial stage (Stage 1A) of the erosion control implantation perimeter erosion control will be installed, existing inlets will be protected, and existing ditches will be protected. Due to topography and the limited right of way available, sediment basins will be utilized in a very limited fashion.
 In the intermediate stage (Stage 1) of the erosion control implementation new construction will be protected, ditch checks will be installed and new inlets will be protected, and storm drain outlet protection will be installed. Temporary grassing and mulching will be used per GDOT specifications to stabilize disturbed areas.
 In the final stage (Stage 2) of the erosion control implementation slope matting will be on slopes that exceed 3:1 and permanent grassing will be used per GDOT Specifications to stabilize disturbed areas.
- 35 In the initial stage of the erosion control implementation, perimeter erosion control will be installed, existing inlets will be protected and existing ditches will be protected. Due to topography and limited right of way, sediment basins will be utilized.
 In the intermediate stage of the erosion control implementation, new construction will be protected, ditch checks will be installed, and temporary sediment traps (Sd4's) will be utilized at the end of long ditch runs. Temporary grassing and mulching will be used per GDOT specifications to stabilize disturbed areas.
 In the final stage of the erosion control implementation, storm drain outlet protection will be installed, slope matting will be used on slopes that exceed 3:1, and permanent grassing will be used per GDOT specifications to stabilize disturbed areas.

17 PLAN ALTERATIONS

The Erosion, Sedimentation, Pollution Control Plan (ESPCP) addresses the staged construction of the project on the basis of common construction methods and techniques. If the Contractor elects to alter the staged construction from that shown in the plans or utilize construction techniques that render this plan ineffective, the Contractor shall revise the plans in accordance with Special Provision 161 of the contract.

The Contractor, the Certified Design Professional, and the WECS shall carefully evaluate this plan prior to commencing land-disturbing activities. A major modification or deletion of structural BMP's with a hydraulic component requires a formal revision of the ESPCP and the signature of a GSWCC level-II-certified design professional. Additional BMP's may be added per Special Provision 161 - Control of Soil Erosion and Sedimentation.

25 PETROLEUM STORAGE, SPILLS AND LEAKS

These plans expressly delegate the responsibility of on-site hazardous material management to the Contractor. The Contractor shall at a minimum provide an action plan and keep the necessary materials on site for the capture, clean up and disposal of any petroleum product, or other hazardous materials leak or spills associated with the servicing, refueling or operation of any equipment utilized at the site. A copy of the action plan shall be submitted to the Project Engineer and maintained on the project site. All personnel operating or servicing equipment shall be familiar with the action plan. The Contractor shall not park, refuel or maintain equipment within stream buffers.

If the Contractor elects to store petroleum products on site the Contractor shall prepare an ESPCP addendum that addresses the additional BMP's needed for onsite storage and spill prevention for petroleum products. This plan shall be prepared by a Certified Design Professional as required by GAR100002 for inclusion with these plans. The Contractor's attention is specifically directed to Standard Specification 107-Legal Regulations and Responsibility to the public for additional requirements.

46 SOIL SERIES INFORMATION

A project-specific soil survey and geotechnical investigation was performed for this project and can be made available upon request. Soil characteristics have been given full consideration in the hydrologic analysis, the design of channels and linings, selection of temporary BMP's, design of energy dissipaters, and the selection of permanent vegetation and fertilizers.

Due to the size and scope of this project and the nature of soil series maps, it is not reasonably practical to delineate the precise locations of the above listed soils on the construction plans. The NRCS soil survey and soil series maps for the project site are also available online at <http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/>.

26 27 POST-CONSTRUCTION BMP'S FOR STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

All permanent post-construction BMP's are shown in the construction plans and in the ESPCP plan. The post-construction BMP's for this project consist of permanent detention ponds, vegetation, permanent slope drains and/or flumes, riprap at pipe outlets for dissipation and outlet stabilization, vegetated swales/ditches where practical, and channel/ditch stabilization with turf-reinforcing mats, riprap, and concrete ditch lining where necessary. The post-construction BMP's will provide permanent stabilization of the site and prevent abnormal transportation of sediment and pollutants into receiving waters.)

SILT FENCE INSTALLATION WITH J HOOKS AND SPURS

Silt fence should never be run continuously. The silt fence should turn back into the fill or slope to create small pockets that trap silt and force stormwater to flow through the silt fence. This technique is called using J hooks (or spurs). The J hooks shall be utilized on all silt fences that are located around the perimeter of the project and along the toe of embankments or slopes. The J hooks shall be placed in accordance with GDOT Construction Detail D-24C. The maximum J hook spacing is reached when the top of the J hook is at the same elevation as the bottom of the J hook immediately upgradient.

SITE STABLIZATION AND BMP MAINTENANCE MEASURES

See the Department's Standard Specifications (or Special Provisions) 161, 163, 165, 7, 710 and other contract documents for stabilization and maintenance measures.

18 WASTE DISPOSAL

Where attainable, locate waste collection areas, dumpsters, trash cans and portable toilets at least 50 feet away from streets, gutters, watercourses and storm drains. Secondary containment shall be provided around liquid waste collection areas to minimize the likelihood of contaminated discharges. The Contractor shall comply with all applicable state and local waste storage and disposal regulations and obtain all necessary permits. Solid materials, including building materials, shall not be deposited into Waters of the State, unless authorized by a Section 404 Permit.

29 14 INSPECTIONS

By agreement with Georgia EPD, the design professional who prepared the ESPCP, or a certified designee, is to inspect the installation of the initial sediment storage requirements and perimeter control BMPs within 7 days of installation. Additionally, the Department's Construction Project Engineer will be responsible for seven-day inspections for all new BMP installations.

All other inspections shall be documented on the appropriate Department inspection forms. See Standard Specification (or Special Provision) 167 and other contract documents for inspection requirements. These inspections shall continue until the Notice of Termination (NOT) is submitted.

Failure to perform inspections as required by the contract documents and the NPDES permit shall result in the cessation of all construction activities with the exception of Traffic Control and Erosion Control. Continued failure to perform inspections shall result in non-refundable deductions as specified in the contract documents.

NONSTORM WATER DISCHARGES

Non-storm water discharges defined in Part III.A.2 of the NPDES Permit will be identified after construction has commenced. These discharges shall be subject to the same requirements as storm water discharges required by the Georgia Erosion and Sedimentation Control Act, the NPDES Permit, the Clean Water Act, the Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia, Department Standards, and other contract documents.

DE-WATERING AND PUMPING ACTIVITIES

Any pumped discharge from an excavation or disturbed area shall be routed through an appropriately sized sediment basin, silt filter bag or shall be treated equivalently with suitable BMP's. The contractor shall ensure the post BMP treated discharge is sheet flowing. Failure to create sheet flow will obligate the contractor to perform water quality sampling of pumped discharges. The contractor shall prepare sampling plans in accordance with the current GAR100002 NPDES permit by utilizing by a Certified Design Professional. No separate payment will be made for water quality sampling of pump discharges.

OTHER CONTROLS

The Contractor shall follow this ESPCP and ensure and demonstrate compliance with applicable State and/or local waste disposal, sanitary sewer or septic system regulations.

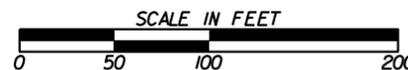
The Contractor shall control dust from the site in accordance with Section 161 of the current edition of the Department's Standard Specifications.

29 31 RETENTION OF RECORDS

In accordance with Part IV.F of the General Permit GAR100002, the Department will retain all records related to the implementation of this ESPCP for the duration of the project.



SCALE IN FEET



RELEASED FOR CONSTRUCTION 06/22/2016

REVISION DATES	

STATE OF GEORGIA
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 OFFICE: INNOVATIVE DELIVERY
ESPCP GENERAL NOTES
 PROJECT: I-85 NORTH EXPRESS LANE EXTENSION
 COUNTY: GWINNETT

DRAWING No.
51-001