

DISCHARGES INTO, OR WITHIN ONE LINEAR MILE UPSTREAM OF AND WITHIN THE SAME WATERSHED AS, ANY PORTION OF A BIOTA IMPAIRED STREAM SEGMENT.

The following is a summary of project outfalls within 1 mile and within the watershed of an identified impaired stream segment that has been listed for criteria violated, "Blo F" (Impaired Fish Community) and/or "Blo M" (Impaired Macro Invertebrate Community), within Category 4a, 4b or 5, and the potential cause is either "NP" (nonpoint source) or "UR" (urban runoff).

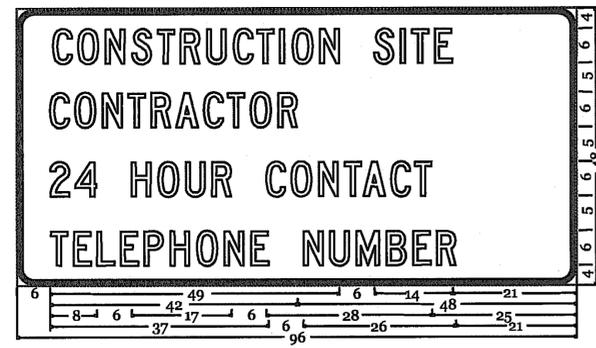
Outfall Location(s)	Basin Name	Reach Name	Location of the Impaired stream segment as indicated in the 305b/303d list	Criteria Violated (Blo F or Blo M)	Potential Cause (NP or UR)	Category (4a, 4b or 5)	Numeric waste load allocation for sediment*
505-00 LT	Coosa	Oothkalooga Creek	U/S Bartow County Line to Oostanaula River	Blo M	NP	4a	1.5 tons/yr

Additional BMP's from Part III C2 of GAR 10002 used for this watershed:

- Place a large sign (minimum 4 feet x 8 feet) on the site visible from the roadway identifying the construction site, the permittee(s), and the contact person(s) and telephone number(s).
- Use mulch filter berms, in addition to a silt fence, on the site perimeter wherever storm water may be discharged.
- Limit the amount of disturbed area at any one time to less than 50% of the total planned site.
- Inspections shall be conducted at least once every seven calendar days and within 24 hours of the end of the storm that is 0.5 inches rainfall or greater.

* If the TMDL Implementation Plan establishes a specific numeric waste load allocation that applies to the project discharge(s) to the impaired stream segment, then the Certified Design Professional must incorporate that allocation into the Erosion, Sedimentation and Pollution Control Plan and implement all necessary measures to meet that allocation.

No site specific conditions or requirements have been included in the TMDL Implementation Plan for Oothkalooga Creek applicable to construction activities. NPDES construction activities are considered a significant source of pollution - compliance with the Permit should lead to sediment loading for construction sites at or below applicable targets.



COLORS PANEL
 LEGEND & BORDER - BLACK (NON-REFL)
 BACKGROUND - WHITE (ASTM TYPE I/II OR IV REFL SHEETING)
 SEE STAGE 1 BMP SHEETS FOR LOCATION OF THE SIGNS (4)
 COST FOR INSTALLTION OF THE SIGNS SHALL BE INCIDENTAL

APPENDIX I
 THE ES&PC PLAN MUST INCLUDE AT LEAST FOUR (4) OF THE FOLLOWING BMPs FOR THOSE AREAS OF THE SITE WHICH DISCHARGE TO A IMPAIRED STREAM SEGMENT AND FOR SITES WHICH EPD HAS APPROVED IN WRITING A REQUEST TO DISTURB 50 ACRES OR MORE AT ANY ONE TIME.

N/A	N
N/A	N
N/A	N
51-05	Y
51-05	Y
N/A	N
N/A	N
N/A	N
51-05	Y
N/A	N
N/A	N
N/A	N
51-05	Y
N/A	N
N/A	N
51-05	Y
N/A	N
N/A	N

- During construction activities, double the width of the 25 foot undisturbed vegetated buffer along all State waters requiring a buffer and the 50 foot undisturbed vegetated buffer along all State waters classified as "trout streams" requiring a buffer. During construction activities, EPD will not grant variances to any such buffers that are increased in width.
- Increase all temporary sediment basins and retrofitted storm water management basins to provide sediment storage of at least 3600 cubic feet (134 cubic yards) per acre drained.
- Use baffles in all temporary sediment basins and retrofitted storm water management basins to at least double the conventional flow path length to the outlet structure.
- Place a large sign (minimum 4 feet x 8 feet) on the site visible from the roadway identifying the construction site, the permittee(s), and the contact person(s) and telephone number(s).
- Use anionic polyacrylamide (PAM) and/or mulch to stabilize areas left disturbed for more than seven (7) calendar days in accordance with Part III, D.1. of the NPDES Permit GAR 100003.
- Conduct turbidity and Total Suspended Solids (TSS) sampling after every rain event of 0.5 inch or greater within any 24 hour period, recognizing the exceptions specified in Part IV.D.6.d. of the NPDES Permit GAR 100003.
- Comply with the applicable end-of-pipe turbidity effluent limit, without the "BMP defense" as provided for in O.C.G.A. 12-7-6 (a)(1).
- Limit the total planned site disturbance to less than 50% impervious surfaces (excluding any State-mandated buffer areas from such calculations).
- Limit the amount of disturbed area at any one time to no greater than 25 acres or 50% of the total planned site, whichever is less.
- Use "Dirt II" techniques to model and manage storm water runoff (e.g., silt berms, sand filters, anionic Pam), available on the EPD website, www.gaepd.org.
- Add appropriate organic soil amendments (e.g., compost) and conduct pre- and post-construction soil sampling to a depth of six (6) inches to document improved levels of soil carbon after final stabilization of the construction site.
- Use mulch filter berms, in addition to a silt fence, on the site perimeter wherever storm water may be discharged.
- Apply the appropriate Georgia Department of Transportation approved erosion control matting or blankets or bonded fiber matrix to all slopes steeper than 3:1.
- Use appropriate erosion control matting or blankets instead of concrete in construction storm water ditches and storm drainages designed for a 25 year, 24 hour rainfall event.
- Use anionic PAM under a passive dosing method (e.g., flocculant blocks) within construction storm water ditches and storm drainages that feed into temporary sediment basins and retrofitted management basins.
- Install sod for a minimum 20 foot width, in lieu of seeding, along the site perimeter wherever storm water may be discharged.
- Use a surface draining skimmer designed to drain temporary sediment basins and retrofitted storm water management basins over a minimum three (3) day period.
- Certified personnel shall conduct inspections at least twice every seven (7) calendar days and within 24 hours of the end of the storm that is 0.5 inches rainfall or greater in accordance with Part IV.D.4.a.(2), (a) - (c), Part IV.D.4.b.(3), (a) - (c) or Part IV.D.4.c.(2), (a) - (c) of the NPDES Permit GAR 100003, as applicable. (*If working under NPDES permit GAR 100002 see below*)
- Certified personnel shall conduct inspections at least once every seven (7) calendar days and within 24 hours of the end of the storm that is 0.5 inches rainfall or greater in accordance with Part IV.D.4.a.(2), (a) - (c) of this permit.*
- Apply the appropriate compost blankets (minimum depth 1.5 inches) to protect soil surfaces until vegetation is established during the final stabilization phase of the construction activity.
- Use alternative BMPs whose performance has been documented to be superior to conventional BMPs as certified by a Design Professional (unless disapproved by EPD or the State Soil and Water Conservation Commission). (If using this item please refer to the Alternative BMP guidance document found at www.gaswcc.org)

EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2010

USE CONSTRUCTION

GEORGIA
 DEPARTMENT
 OF
 TRANSPORTATION



GRESHAM
 SMITH AND
 PARTNERS

REVISION DATES	
4/20/11	
5/31/11	

STATE OF GEORGIA
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 OFFICE: TRAFFIC OPERATIONS
ESPCP GENERAL NOTES

PROJECT: CSSTP-0007-00(138)
 COUNTY: GORDON DATE: 10/15/10

DRAWING No.
51-05

